Aluma-Brite

Section 1 Identification

Trade Name: Aluma-Brite Product Identification: AC58

Synonyms: Acid detergent

Product Use Description:

Cleaner / Degreaser

General Info Phone: (205) 592-0844 Emergency Phone: (800) 255-3924

Supplier:

K-Chem, Inc. P. O. Box 530632 Birmingham, AL 35253

Section 2 Hazards Identification

Classifications

Skin corrosion - Category 1 Eye Damage - Category 1

Acute Toxicity - Oral - Category 3

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation - Category 4

Corrosive to Metals



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements

Keep out of reach of children. Read label and SDS before use.

Toxic if swallowed

Harmful if inhaled

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

May be corrosive to metals

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Do not breathe mists.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wash hands, face, and all other exposed areas of body thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves and clothing.

Wear eye and face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Keep only in original container.

Response

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce

vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or a physician

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with soap and

water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Overexposure may produce hypocalcemia, therefore systemic administration of calcium gluconate may be

necessary. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

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Immediately call a poison center or a physician.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a poison center or a physician.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Storage

Store locked up.

Store in corrosive resistant plastic container.

Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, and national regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Specified

Both the liquid and vapor can cause severe burns which may not be immediately painful or visible. May cause systemic toxic effects such as fluorosis, hypocalcemia and cardiac arrhythmia.

Section 3 Composition

		<u>Concentration</u>
Chemical Name	<u>CAS #</u>	% by Weight
Hydrofluoric Acid	7664-39-3	>=5 <= 10
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	>=1 <= 5

Section 4 First Aid

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

DANGER. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Do not get on skin. Avoid breathing vapor or mists.

EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or a physician.

SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash with plenty of soap and water/shower. If skin irritation persists get medical attention. Overexposure may produce hypocalcemia, therefore systemic administration of calcium gluconate may be necessary.

INHALATION: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or a doctor.

INGESTION: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately.

Section 5 Fire Fighting Measures

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Suitable fire extinguishing media:

Use water spray, fog or foam.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Containers may build pressure and rupture.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products:

Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

Specific fire-fighting methods:

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters:

Fire fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in a positive pressure mode.

Section 6 Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8)

Environmental precautions and clean-up methods:

Stop all leaks. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Disperse vapors with water spray. Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Absorb spill with inert material. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal.

Section 7 Handling and Storage

Do not use or store near heat, sparks or open flame. Store in a cool, dry place. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid breathing sprays and vapors. Keep out of reach of children.

Section 8 Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

2-butoxyethanol

ACGIH TLV 20 ppm OSHA PEL 25 ppm (skin)

Hydrofluoric Acid

ACGIH TLV 3 ppm OSHA PEL 3 ppm

Eye Protection: Wear safety glasses or goggles.

Skin Protection: Wear impervious gloves (made from rubber, nitrile or neoprene), clothing, and boots.

Respiratory Protection: When respiratory protection is required, use an organic vapor & particulate cartridge. All

respiratoryprograms must meet OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.34 & ANSI Z88.2 requirements.

Engineering Controls: Good general ventilation required.

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Physical State

LIQUID

Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

<u>Property</u> <u>Value</u>

Appearance **CLEAR LIQUID** Auto Ignition Temp **NOT AVAILABLE Boiling Point NOT AVAILABLE COLORLESS** Color **NOT AVAILABLE Evaporation Rate NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition Temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive Limit Ranges** Explosive Properties NOT AVAILABLE Flash Point Melting/Freezing Point **NOT AVAILABLE** NONE ACIDIC Odor Threshold Odor NOT AVAILABLE Other Information VOC content (wt. %): 2.5 Oxidizing Properties NOT AVAILABLE

Partition Coeff NOT AVAILABLE
Relative Density 1.0

Relative Density 1.0 Solubility (Water) COMPLETE
Vapor Density NOT AVAILABLE Vapor Pressure NOT AVAILABLE

Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE pH < 1

Section 10 Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Chemical Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not

Stability: occur. Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible Materials: Strong alkalies, oxidizers, organic matter, certain metals

Conditions to Avoid : (aluminum) High temperatures

Decomposition Products: CO, CO2, H2, SO2

Section 11 Toxicological Information

Primary Route of Entry: Skin contact, skin absorption, eye contact, inhalation

Acute/Potential Health Effects:

EYES: Causes severe irritation experienced as discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with redness andswelling of the conjunctiva. Can injure the cornea and cause blindness.

SKIN: Both the liquid and vapor can cause severe burns which may not be immediately painful or visible.

INHALATION: Breathing of this material is harmful. Mist or vapor inhalation can cause severe irritation to the nose, throat andupper respiratory tract.

INGESTION: Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Corrosive. Symptoms may include severe burning and pain in mouth, throat andabdomen. Vomiting, diarrhea and perforation of the esophagus and stomach lining may occur.

Chronic / Long Term Effects: Repeated exposure may produce erosion and discoloration of teeth. May cause systemic toxiceffects such as fluorosis, hypocalcemia and cardiac arrhythmia. 2-Butoxyethanol has caused red blood cell hemolysis in lab animals and secondary injury to the liver and kidney.

Target Organ Effects: Lungs and upper respiratory tract, gastrointestinal tract, eyes, skin.

Reproductive/Developmental Information: No data.

Carcinogenic Information: This material is not listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

Acute Toxicity Values:

Hydrofluoric acid: LD50 (dermal, rat)=401-802 mg/kg.

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Section 12 Ecological Information

2-Butoxyethanol: Toxicity to fish-fathead minnow; 96h; LC50 Results: 1700 mg/l.

Section 13 Disposal Considerations

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations. See label for further instructions.

Section 14 Transport Information

Certain shipping modes or package sizes may have exceptions from the transport regulations. The classification provided may not reflect those exceptions and may not apply to all shipping modes or package sizes.

UN number

CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS HYDROFLUORIC ACID) Proper shipping name

Class 8

Packing group

Section 15 Regulatory Information

CERCLA RQ (40 CFR 302)

Hydrofluoric Acid

100 lbs Sections 302 & 304 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 (40 CFR 355) Hydrofluoric Acid

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 (40 CFR 372.65)

2-butoxyethanol

Hydrofluoric Acid

If identified components of this product are CERCLA hazardous substances and/or listed under Sections 302, 304, or 313

of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 (also known as EPCRA, the Emergency

Planningand Community Right-To-Know Act), or under California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act), they are listed above in Section 15 of this SDS.

If identified components of this product are listed under Section 313, this product contains toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313. This information must be included in all SDS that are copied and distributed for this

Title III Section 311/312 Hazardous Categories - 40 CFR 370.2:

ACUTE (X) Chronic (X) Fire () Pressure () Reactive () Not Applicable ()

T.S.C.A. Status: All chemical substances found in this product comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act inventoryreporting requirements.

RCRA Status: Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste. If this product becomes hazardous waste it would be assigned RCRA Code(s)

D002

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Section 16 Other Information

HMIS Ratings:



Disclaimer: This Manufacturer believes that the information contained in the Safety Data Sheet is accurate. The suggested procedures are based on experience as of the date of the publication. They are not necessarily all inclusive nor fully adequate in every circumstance. Also, the suggestions should not be confused with, nor followed in violation of applicable laws, regulations, rules or insurance requirements.

Preparation/Revision Date: 5/14/15